BEHIND THE SCENES OF BUSINESS **ENGLISH** MATERIALS

SILVINA P. MASCITTI - EFL CREATIVE IDEAS



In today's session we will...



- Debunk some "myths" about BE mat. writing
- Reflect on key elements in BE materials
- Brainstorm starting points for a lesson plan
- Explore how to structure a lesson plan
- Focus on general guidelines
- Analyze one of my lesson plans
- Share useful resources & further ideas



What are some of the challenges you face when making Business English materials?





LET'S DEBUNK SOME MYTHS...!

I'm not a materials writer

Writing materials is time-consuming

Grammar is THE starting point to create materials

So many topics to choose from!

I'm not a BE expert I'm not creative enough

Stepping out of my comfort zone (e.g. coursebook) is risky and unsafe.



What do you take into account when making Business English materials?



REPRESENT SS'
CONTEXT
(field-specific lexis)

DEI

BUSINESS ENGLISH MATERIALS PERSONALIZATION
('real-plays'/

case studies)

21ST-CENTURY SKILLS

HOTS & LOTS

INTERCULTURAL
APPROACH
(ELF/accents)

ENGAGE OUR
ENGAGE

J. Hughes, mawsig.iatefl.org

21ST-CENTURY SKILLS

Learning Skills

The "four Cs":

- Critical thinking
- Communication
- Collaboration
- Creativity

Life Skills

- Flexibility
- Initiative
- Social skills
- Productivity
- Leadership

Literacy Skills

- Information lit.
- Media literacy
- Technology lit.

https://www.panoramaed.com/blog/comprehensive-guide-21st-century-skills



Recommended webinar: **Developing Global Skills in Adult Learners** by Rhona Snelling (Macmillan YouTube Channel)

CRITICAL THINKING

Low Order Thinking Skills High Order Thinking Skills



02

03







CREATE:

KNOWLEDGE:

Define,
Identify,
Describe,
Recognize,
Tell,
Explain,
Recite,
Memorize,
Illustrate,
Quote

UNDERSTAND:

Summarize,
Interpret,
Classify,
Compare,
Contrast,
Infer,
Relate,
Extract,
Paraphrase,
Cite

APPLY:

Solve,
Change,
Relate,
Complete,
Use,
Sketch,
Teach,
Articulate,
Discover,
Transfer

ANALYZE:

Criticize, Contrast, Reframe, Connect, Relate, Judge, Defend, Devise, Correlate, Appraise, Illustrate, Value, Prioritize, Distill, Conclude, Plan, Categorize, Grade, Take Apart Reframe

EVALUATE:

Design,
Modify,
Role-Play,
Develop,
Rewrite,
Pivot,
Modify,
Collaborate,
Invent,
Write

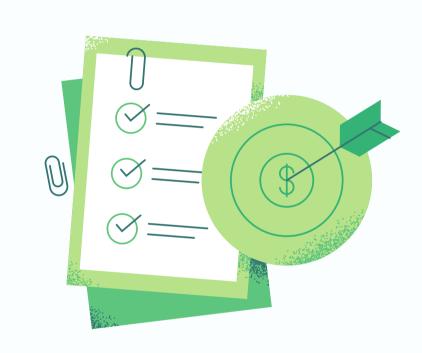
Recommended book:

Critical Thinking in ELT
J. Hughes & P. Dummet
(Nat. Geo Learning)



DEFINE GOALS & OBJECTIVES

- Develop R/L/S/W skills?
- Teach a grammar point?
- Teach functional lg?
- Teach pronunciation?
- Exam preparation?

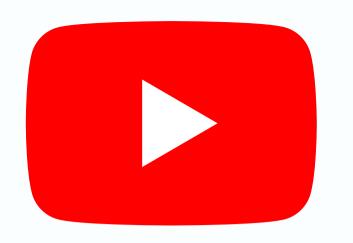


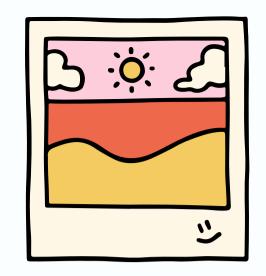




What are your starting points when making BE materials?







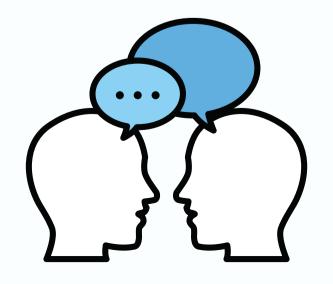


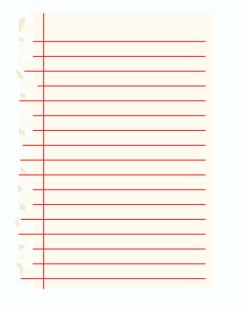


STARTING POINTS

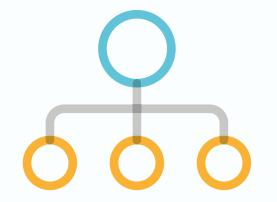










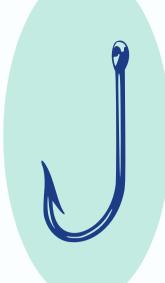


(MY...) LESSON PLAN FRAMEWORK

- Before
- While
- After

reading / watching / listening

- Focus on lexis / pronunciation
- Follow-up task



BEFORE WATCHING / READING

• Lead-in discussion: Activate schemata!







BEFORE LISTENING / WATCHING / READING



- Don't pre-teach too much! (Esp. higher levels)
- Leave room for inference
- Avoid gap-filling grammar exercises
- CT skills: prediction



Recommended post: Why should you use warmers? by Sylwia Clayton - Two Fold EFL blog.

WHILE LISTENING / WATCHING / READING



From general (gist) to specific (detail) info

Scaffold tasks: chunking (lower-levels / long texts / videos / infographic...)

 Bottom-up skills (Decoding: "Making meaning from all the bits and pieces of the language." *Breaking the* Sound Barrier, Conti, Smith, 2019)

AFTER LISTENING / WATCHING / READING



Students' reaction, feelings and opinion

Relate text to Ss' own business context

Discuss quotes from text

CT skills: analyze purpose, tone, source, bias

FOCUS ON LEXIS / PRONUNCIATION



- Choose contextualized, meaningful chunks from the text (high-frequency)
- Work on vocabulary, collocations, grammar, pronunciation, connected speech...
- Inductive approach: Guided discovery, work out meaning
- Relate lexis to Ss' business context



FOLLOW-UP TASK



The lesson should guide Ss to the final task

 "Tasks should be purposeful and engage students in real communication." Activities for TBL, Anderson, McCutcheon, 2019

 Good opportunity to recycle lexis from the lesson! (Input flooding) linking words

present perfect

phrasal verbs

collocations



conditionals

idioms

connected speech

weak forms



SOME GUIDELINES

• Layout: blank space, easy to navigate



- Images: contextualization, representation
- Consistency: numbering, bold, font, color, spacing
- Instructions / Rubrics: short, clear, simple language
- Scaffolding: glossary, useful language box, chunking
- Tasks balance: Heads-up /heads-down /heads-together (L. Clandfield)

The Power of Quiet Leadership

Lead-in discussion

Read the characteristics of a good leader below:

- Which ones would you associate to extroverted leaders? Which ones would you relate to introverted leaders?
- Do you think introverts make good leaders? Think about your own experience.



You will watch a short video called "The Power of Quiet Leadership". Before watching, make some predictions:

- · Quiet leadership might refer to ...
- The video is likely to be about ...
- · The author will probably state that ...

Let's get the ball rolling...again!



On average, I attend ____ meetings every day. (How many?)

Most / Some of these meetings are_____. (Face-to-face, online...)

I _____ hold meetings. (How often?)

How would you describe your regular meetings and their attendees?

Use the adjectives from the left and add a prefix from the right to make opposites, if necessary. You can also provide others!





Starting point: Linkedin post by Chris Bate

Ss' experiences

Ss' prior knowledge CT: prediction

CT: compare / contrast





BUSINESS MEETINGS

Lead-in discussion

- 1. Discuss these questions.
- a. How often do you have meetings?
- b. Which type of meeting do you prefer: in-person or online? Why?
- c. What are the advantages and disadvantages of each type of meeting?





- 2. In pairs / small groups, read these five meeting formats and define them with your own words.
- a. Team briefing: It's a type of meeting in which / where / that...
- b. Check-in meeting
- c. Kick-off meeting
- d. Brainstorming meeting
- e. Board meeting
- 3. Compare your ideas with another pair / group / your teacher.



Images: contextualization

Scaffolding

Reading task - check prediction

CT: compare / contrast

Ss' business context

Link to listening stage —

4. Match the meeting formats (a-e) in exercise 2 with their descriptions (1-5).

1. The first meeting with the project team and sometimes with the client to establish purpose, set schedules and discuss roles.

2. A meeting of a company's management team. They are usually held at various times in a year to make key strategic decisions.

3. A team discussion where all members collaborate to discuss updates on important topics, share progress and align perspectives.

4. The manager delivers key updates and messages to the team, and the team has the opportunity to ask questions and provide feedback.

5. An open meeting format designed to generate ideas and bring people together where they can all contribute to the creative process.

Source: Chris Bate

5. Compare your definitions in exercise 2 with the ones in exercise 4.

In my experience, ... meetings ...

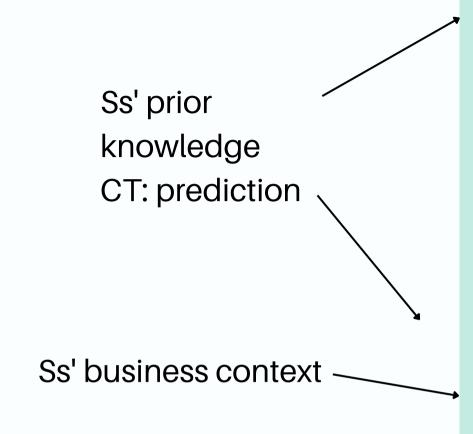
but whereas / while similarly / also in the same way

the description says...

6. Discuss these questions.

- Which type(s) of meeting (1-5) do you usually attend at work?
- Which one(s) do you like the most / the least? Why?
- Do you remember any funny situation during a meeting? Share it with the class / your teacher.

Scaffolding



Listening for gist

Before watching

7. You will watch a meeting parody. Read these words and expressions from the video and discuss the questions below.

publicity event

Pinterest Facebook

marketing strategy

Twitter

video contest on YouTube

- a. What type of meeting do you think it is? Why?
- b. What kind of topics do you usually talk about in your meetings?

While watching

- 8. Watch the video "Every meeting ever" and answer these questions.
- a. What is the purpose of the meeting?
- b. How many people are there in the meeting?
- c. What are some of the attendees' roles?
- d. What are some of the ideas suggested?
- e. Is the meeting successful? Why? Why not?

Listening for detail

- 9. Choose the correct options. Then, watch again and check.
- Ш
- a. The time guy is worried about the duration of the meeting / the work schedule for next week.
- b. The latecomer arrived late because he grabbed a coffee on his way / there was too much traffic.
- c. The negator rejects the publicity event idea because of the weather / the budget.
- d. The offended guy thinks that Nancy's concerns are acceptable / unacceptable.
- e. The guy with bad ideas talks about the impact of rain in the irrigation system / the publicity event.
- f. The rambler had the same idea three weeks ago / last year.
- g. The dominator suggests giving prizes / increasing prices.
- h. The social networker is taking notes / using her phone while the dominator is sharing his idea.
- i. The worst note-taker writes all the ideas / some ideas on the whiteboard.
- j. At the end of the meeting, the meeting leader is satisfied / surprised by the team's reaction.

After watching

- 10. In pairs / small groups, discuss these questions.
- a. What is Tyler's style as a meeting leader? How open is he to new ideas?
- b. If you were the meeting leader, what would you do differently?
- c. Which of the ideas do you like the most / the least? Why?
- d. How realistic is this meeting? Can you relate it to your workplace?

Ss' opinion and reaction Relate to ss' business context Contextualized chunks: Ss' infer and work out meaning, then apply to own context.

Focus on lexis



- 11. Read these excerpts from the video and answer the questions.
- a. "If you've got one (idea), throw it out."
- . What does the phrasal verb "throw out" mean in a business context?
- · What was the last idea you threw out in a meeting?
- b. "So what we're doing is coming up with some ideas for our new marketing strategy."
- Can you use the phrasal verb "throwing out" in this example too?
- . Think of two more synonyms of these verbs and use them in examples.
- c. "The schedule wasn't exactly clear."
- . Is "schedule" a verb or a noun in this sentence?
- When was the last time you scheduled a meeting? What was it about?
- d. "I think you're onto something with this idea."
- Did Tyler like Tripp's idea when he said this?
- · What did he mean?
- e. "If we do something with technology, we lose the senior demographic."
- Does Nancy agree with Tripp's idea of using technology? Why? Why not?
- · What grammar structure does Nancy use to express her idea?
- f. "We still have 100% of the things to accomplish."
- · Were the meeting objectives achieved? How do you know?
- What other things can people accomplish?

Ss relate topic to own context. Real-play

Scaffolding
Recycling vocab
from the lesson

Image: task contextualization

Follow-up task



12. Role-play: A brainstorming meeting

You will take part in a brainstorming meeting. Adapt the topic according to your business context. One of you will be the meeting leader and the rest will be the attendees. You can assign other roles too. Use some of the phrases below, which were mentioned in the video.

- I just want to take a few minutes to talk about some ideas for...
- I think we should (implement...)
- I'm just really thinking that ...
- What about?
- I just want to emphasize ... (there's no bad ideas here, we're just brainstorming.)
- Does anyone else have an idea?
- Shouldn't we be moving on to the next topic?
- That's a (fun) idea!
- Interesting but ...



TOPICS

(e.g.BE, meetings..)

LEVEL

(CEFR: A2, B1..)

TEACHER'S NOTES



SKILLS

(e.g. R, L, W, S)

AIMS

(e.g. to discuss, learn, review...)

INSTRUCTIONS

(hedging / commands)

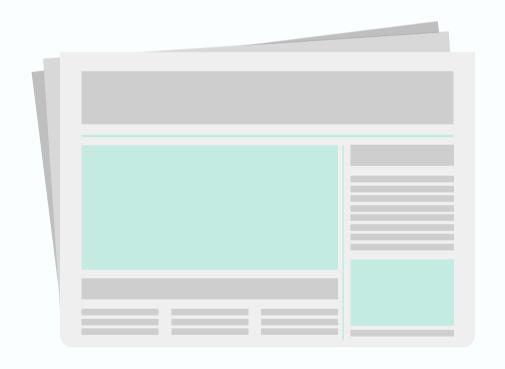
ANSWER KEY

SUGGESTIONS

(e.g.mixed-ability class)

USEFUL BE RESOURCES

- TD Lab StaffRoom Fb group (Dublin TEFL, Shaun Sweeney): audio resources recorded by Ts
- Harvard Business Review
- The Economist
- Business Insider
- Forbes
- The Wall Street Journal
- YouTube: Inc, Tripp and Tyler



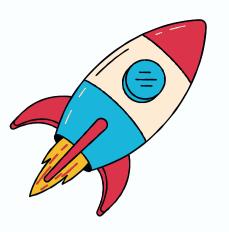
WHICH ONES CAN YOU RECOMMEND?

Continuous Professional Development

- ETPedia Business English (McLarty, Hughes, 2016)
- ETPedia Materials Writing (Clandfield, Hughes, 2017)
- How to Write Business English Materials (John Allison, 2017) ELT Teacher 2 Writer series
- ELT CPD podcast series by Billie Jago
- ELT PLANNING Peter Clements' blog
- NILE course: Materials Development
- OUP course: Writing your own ELT materials
- IATEFL Business English / Mat. Writing SIGs



GO FURTHER...



- From your community and beyond...
- Be open to feedback: There is always room for improvement!
- Share your LPs: Linkedin / Freeed / Fb groups / own blog or blog guest writer
- Find a writing buddy! Read Kath Bilsborough's blog. New Fb group by Bhavna Gupta! 'The Materials Writing Collaborative'

SOME BE TRAINERS ON LINKEDIN

- Chris Bate
- Clive Davies
- Robert Garbett
- Sam Gratton
- Nataša Pešić Grbeša
- Amelia Posleman
- Audrey Smith
- Daniel Smith
- Jane Wescombe
- Christopher Wrightand many more!



REFERENCES

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THANK YOU!

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